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The Antiracist Kid
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www.harpercollinschildrens.com

ISBN 978-0-35-862939-9 paper over board ISBN 978-0-35-862334-2 signed edition

The illustrations in this book were done digitally. The text was set in Neutraface Text. Cover design by Samira Iravani Interior design by Samira Iravani

22 23 24 25 26 RTLO 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

First Edition

GLOSSARY

ableism: Discrimination and oppression against people who have visible or not visible physical, emotional, or neurological and mental disabilities

accountability: Taking responsibility for yourself

activism: Taking action against injustice

activist: Someone who takes action against injustice

advocate: To support or help yourself and others

affirmation: A positive sentence, word, or phrase that can help you remember that you do not have to be anybody but yourself

African American: The race group that includes people who are from the United States and have ancestors who are from the continent of Africa

ageism: Discrimination and oppression against people who are 18 and younger (children) and elders

Alaska Native: The race group that includes people who have ancestors who are indigenous to the land that is now called Alaska

American Indian: The race group that includes people who have ancestors who are indigenous to the land that is now called the United States

amplify: To make something louder

ancestors: Your family members who were born before you, including your grandparents, their grandparents, and so on

antiracism: The act of making a choice to be active and resist racism

antiracist: Making a choice to be active and resist racism

Asian: The race group that includes people who have ancestors who are from the continent of Asia

Asian American: The race group that includes people who are from the United States and have ancestors who are from the continent of Asia.

bias: A belief about a person, a group of people, a place, or a thing. Usually, your biases are hidden. You are not always aware of what biases you have.

biracial: Having two different racial identities

Black: The race group that includes people who have ancestors who are from the continent of Africa

boundary: A rule or a limit that you set for yourself

boycott: When you will no longer buy things from someone or some organization because you do not agree with their words or actions

cisgender person (or cis person): A person who understands their gender to be the same as the gender the doctor said they were when they were born

cissexism: Discrimination and oppression against people who are transgender or nonbinary, or people whose gender expression does not follow the common expectations of their gender

citizen: A person who is allowed by law to be a member of a country

citizenship: Having membership in a country by law

citizenship identity: The parts of your identity that come from the countries where you are allowed by law to be a member

class: A group of people who have a similar amount of money and resources. (This is different from your classroom at school!)

class identity: The parts of your identity that come from the amount of money and resources you, your family, and other members of your class have

classism: Discrimination and oppression against people who do not have a lot of money or resources

colonization: When one group takes control of another group by force. (Most of the time, the first group uses violence to take control of the second group.)

colonize: The act of one group taking control of another group by force

colonizer: A person who is part of a group that takes control of another group by force

community:

- A group of people living together in the same place. The place can be your neighborhood or your city or town.
- Community can also mean a group of people who share the same ideas and goals, who care about the same things.

community service: When you work to help people in your community with things they need right away

culture: The traditions and holidays you, your family, and your community celebrate together; the things you and your family believe; and the languages you speak, read, or write together

descent: Being related to your ancestors

discriminate: To treat people unfairly, unequally, and unjustly

discrimination: The unfair, unequal, and unjust treatment of people

dismantle: To take something apart, break it, and knock it down

dominant: Having power and being controlling **dominant culture**: The culture that is most powerful in our country

enslaved person: A person who never has the freedom to live their life the way they want to live it. Their society says they are owned by another person, and the enslaved person is made to work for that person for free.

equal: Having the same amount

equitable: Each person getting what they need, which may be different for different people because not everyone needs the same things

equity: When each person gets what they need, which may be different for different people because not everyone needs the same things

ethnic identity: The parts of your identity that come from the culture that your ancestors shared with you and your family

ethnicity: The parts of your identity that come from all of the people in your family who were born before you

Europeans: People from the continent of Europe

fair: Everyone getting what they need. Making sure things are equal and just for all people.

fairness: When everyone gets what they need and things are equal and just for all people

gender: The way that many people in society believe that a person should behave based on whether they have male or female body parts. A lot of people think there are just two genders, female and male, but there are many, many more!

gender identity: The parts of your identity that come from the way you understand your gender and how that understanding is similar to or different from the gender the doctor said you were when you were born

genes: Parts of your body that help to build your body, tell your body what to do, and keep you healthy. They also decide what you will look like.

genetic makeup: The genes that are passed down to you from your birth parents, their parents, and your ancestors

heterosexism: Discrimination and oppression against people based on who they love

Hispanic: The ethnic group that includes people who are from countries where Spanish is the language that most people speak

identity: Who you are! Everything that makes you you, from what you look like to what you think and believe to what you like to do.

identity map: Something you create that is all about who you are! You can put your social identities and your personal identities on it, and you can choose to share it with other people.

immigrant: A person who moves to a new country

indentured servant: A person who has an agreement with the person they work for to work for them for several years. After the servant works that time, they have the freedom to live their life the way they want to live it.

indigenous: The very first to live on the land and in a particular place

indigenous people: The very first people to live on the land and in a particular place. Sometimes, depending on where you live, indigenous people are called First Nations people, Native Americans, or Aboriginal people.

injustice: When not everyone gets what they need to be healthy, cared for, and safe. When some people are treated as if they are not as important as others. When people are not treated fairly.

institution: An organized group of people or several different organized groups of people working together

intersectionality: The idea that anyone can have more than just one identity at any one time and that some parts of a person's identity may give them power

just: Having everyone get what they need to be healthy, cared for, and safe. (Remember: Not everyone needs the same things to feel safe and cared for, because we are all different!)

justice: When everyone gets what they need to be healthy, cared for, and safe. (Remember: Not everyone needs the same things to feel safe and cared for, because we are all different!)

Latino/a/x/e: The ethnic group that includes people who are born in or have ancestors from Latin American countries

LGBTQQIP2AA+: People who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, questioning, queer, intersex, pansexual, two-spirit, androgynous, asexual, and more

melanin: The natural coloring of your skin. It helps to protect your skin from the sun.

microaggressions: Negative words and/or negative actions from people who are members of the dominant culture toward people who are not part of the dominant culture

minorities: A word some people use to refer to Indigenous, Black and African, Asian, and Latino/a/x/e people, even though the number of Indigenous, Black, Asian, and Latino/a/x/e people in the world is really big. (See Person of the Global Majority for a more positive way to talk about people!)

minority: Less than half, or a few

multiethnic: Having many ethnic identities

Native Hawaiian: The race group that includes people who have ancestors who are indigenous to Hawaii

neurological: About nerves or the nervous system **nonbinary**: Does not identify only as either male or female

non-native English speaker: A person whose first language is not English

oppression: When one group of people believe they are better than another and abuse and misuse their power against the second group

organize: The act of putting things into different groups

Pacific Islander: The race group that includes people who have ancestors who are indigenous to Hawaii, Samoa, Guam, and islands located in the Pacific Ocean

Person of the Global Majority: An Indigenous, Black or African, Asian, or Latino/a/x/e person

personal identity: The parts of your identity that come from you, your family, your community, the experiences you have, and the places around you—and that make you different from other people!

power: Having control over yourself and the freedom to make choices and change

prejudice: A belief, attitude, or feeling about a person or group of people that comes from not having all of the right information. Usually, you and other people are aware of your prejudices.

pronouns: Words—like he, she, they, them, I, and my—that help to shorten sentences, so you do not need to repeat names. Pronouns are an important part of our identities.

race: What other people see when they look at a person's skin color and skin tone, hair texture, and other parts of the way they look

racial identity: The parts of your identity that come from the race (or races) that you are a part of

racial group: A group of people who share the same racial identity

racism: Personal prejudice and bias and the planned misuse and abuse of power by institutions. It is discrimination and oppression against people based on the color of their skin, their hair texture, facial features, and where their ancestors came from.

repair: To work to make things better

resist: To not give in and to stand up, sit tall, speak out, and use your power against someone or something

sexism: Discrimination and oppression against people who are not cis male

slavery: When a person or group of people forces another person or group of people to do hard work for the first person or group without pay

social construction: An idea created by people in society

social identity: The parts of your identity that relate to other people in your community and around the world. Some social identity categories are race, ethnicity, gender, citizenship, and class.

social ranking: A way to put people into different groups with some people in the top group and some people in the bottom group. People at the top of the social ranking are believed to be more important than the people who were put into the bottom.

society:

- A group of people living together in a community
- People in the larger world community

stereotype: A general idea or belief about a group of people that is not based on facts

transgender person: A person who understands their gender to be different from the gender the doctor said they were when they were born

trust: To believe that a person is telling you the truth and will do what they say they will do

United States citizen: A person who is born in the United States and is allowed by law to be a member of the country

unfair: Everyone not getting what they need

unjust: Not having everyone get what they need to be healthy, cared for, and safe. (Remember: Not everyone needs the same things to feel safe and cared for, because we are all different!)

white: The race group that includes people who have ancestors from Europe, Asia, and Africa

Books To ReaD To KeeP LeaRNING aND GROWING

The ABCs of the Black Panther Party by S. Khalilah Brann, Chemay Morales-James, and Uela May

The Ana & Andrew series, by Christine Platt , Sharon Sordo, Junissa Bianda, and Anuki López

Call and Response: The Story of Black Lives Matt er by Veronica

Chambers of the New York Times

Dreamers by Yuyi Morales

El's Mirror by Ellison Blakes, Bavu Blakes, and A. H. Taylor

Eyes That Kiss in the Corners by Joanna Ho and Dung Ho

"Fall in Line, Holden!" by Daniel W. Vandever

Finish the Fight!: The Brave and Revolutionary Women Who Fought for the Right to Vote by Veronica Chambers and the Staff of the New York Times

I Am Enough by Grace Byers and Keturah A. Bobo

I Am Every Good Thing by Derrick Barnes and Gordon C. James

It Feels Good to Be Yourself: A Book About Gender Identity by Theresa

Thorn and Noah Grigni

a kids book about white privilege by Ben Sanda kids book about systemic racism by Jordan Thierry

Not My Idea: A Book About Whiteness by Anastasia Higginbotham

Our Skin: A First Conversation About Race by Megan Madison, Jessica

Ralli, and Isabel Roxas

The Power Book: What Is It, Who Has It, and Why? by Claire Saunders,
Hazel Songhurst, Georgia Amson-Bradshaw, Minna Salami, Mik Scarlet,
Joelle Avelino, and David Broadbent

Skin Again by bell hooks and Chris Raschka

Sometimes I Feel Like a Fox by Danielle Daniel

Stamped (For Kids): Racism, Antiracism, and You by Sonja Cherry-Paul, Jason Reynolds, Ibram X. Kendi, and Rachelle Baker

The Talk: Conversations about Race, Love, and Truth edited by Wade Hudson and Cheryl Willis Hudson

Tristan Strong Punches a Hole in the Sky by Kwame Mbalia **The Undefeated** by Kwame Alexander and Kadir Nelson

Ways to Make Sunshine by Renée Watson and Nina Mata

What the Road Said by Cleo Wade and Lucie de Moyencourt

What We Believe: A Black Lives Matter Principles Activity Book

by Laleña Garcia and Caryn Davidson

When Aidan Became a Brother by Kyle Lukoff and Kaylani Juanita

Where Are You From? by Yamile Saied Méndez and Jaime Kim

The Year of the Dog by Grace Lin

Young Native Activist: Growing Up in Native American Rights Movementsby Aslan Tudor

Books For the ADULT ReaDers (So THEY CAN KEEP LEARNING AND GROWING Too!)

An African American and Latinx History of the United States by Paul Ortiz

Anti-Bias Education for Young Children and Ourselves by Louise Derman-Sparks and Julie Olsen Edwards

Are Prisons Obsolete? by Angela Y. Davis

A Different Mirror: A History of Multicultural America by Ronald Takaki

Ghosts in the Schoolyard by Eve L. Ewing

How the World Is Passed by Clint Smith

How We Fight White Supremacy: A Field Guide to Black Resistance by Akiba Solomon and Kenrya Rankin

An Indigenous Peoples' History of the United States for Young People by Roxanne Dunbar-Ortiz, Jean Mendoza, and Debbie Reese

Me and White Supremacy: Combat Racism, Change the World, and Become a Good Ancestor by Layla Saad

Parenting for Liberation: A Guide for Raising Black Children by Trina Greene Brown

Pushout by Monique W. Morris

So You Want to Talk About Race by Ijeoma Oluo

Stamped: Racism, Antiracism, and You (A Remix of the National Book Award-winning Stamped from the Beginning) by Jason Reynolds and Ibram X. Kendi

Start Here, Start Now: A Guide to Antibias and Antiracist Work in Your School Community by Liz Kleinrock **Teaching Community: A Pedagogy of Hope** by bell hooks

Teaching/Learning Anti-Racism: A Developmental Approach by Louise Derman Sparks and Carol Brunson Phillips

Textured Teaching: A Framework for Culturally Sustaining Practices by Lorena Escota Germán

The Three Mothers: How the Mothers of Martin Luther King, Jr., Malcolm X, and James Baldwin Shaped a Nation by Anna Malaika Tubbs

This Book Is Anti-Racist: 20 Lessons on How to Wake Up, Take Action, and Do the Work by Tiff any Jewell and Aurélia Durand

This Book Is Anti-Racist Journal: Over 50 Activities to Help You Wake Up, Take Action, and Do the Work by Tiff any Jewell and Aurélia Durand

We Live for the We: The Political Power of Black Motherhood by Dani McClain

We Want to Do More Than Survive: Abolitionist Teaching and the Pursuit of Educational Freedom by Bett ina Love

Why Are All the Black Kids Sitting Together in the Cafeteria? And Other Conversations About Race by Dr. Beverly Daniel Tatum

Why I'm No Longer Talking to White People About Race by Reni Eddo-Lodge